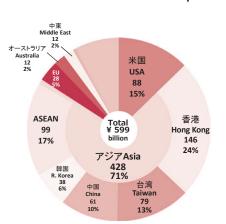
Ⅲ 主要商品別貿易

1. 食料品:輸出入とも増加つづく

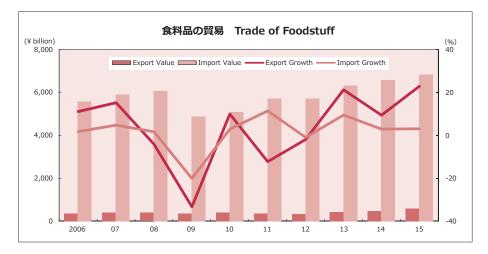
◆輸出は海外の和食ブームや円安を背景に6,000億円(前年比24%増)となり、3 年連続で2ケタ増となった。最大の輸出先である香港向けは1,500億円(同35%増)となった。ASEAN向けは990億円(同17%増)、米国向けは880億円(同16%増)、中国向けも610億円(同41%増)と増加した。

◆輸入は7.0兆円(同4%増)となった。魚介類は213万トン(同2%増)、1.6兆円(同3%増)となり、主力のえびは16万トン(同6%減)、2,100億円(同9%減)となった。肉類は260万トン(同1%減)、1.4兆円(同3%増)となった。穀物類は2,400万トン(同1%減)、8,700億円(同1%減)、うち米国からは4,800億円(同6%減)となった。野菜は270万トン(同3%減)、5,500億円(同8%増)、果実は240万トン(同1%減)、5,300億円(同12%増)となった。

2015 食料品の輸出 Foodstuff Exports by area and country



	Partners	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
	香港 Hong Kong	146	34.6
	米国 USA	88	16.3
	台湾 Taiwan	79	14.9
	中国 China	61	40.8
	韓国 R. Korea	38	33.9
	TOP 5 total	412	_
_	Grand total	599	24.3



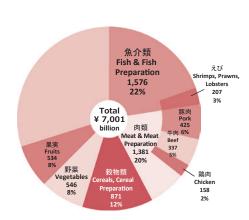
Trade by Major Commodity

1. Foodstuff: Both exports and imports continued upward growth

◆ Foodstuff exports increased in double digits for the third consecutive year, growing 24% to ¥600.0 billion reflecting the popularity of Japanese food and depreciating yen. Exports to Hong Kong, Japan's largest export partner for Foodstuff, increased 35% to ¥150.0 billion. Exports to ASEAN (up 17% to ¥99.0 billion), USA (up 16% to ¥88.0 billion), and China (up 41% to ¥61.0 billion) all went up.

◆ Foodstuff imports went up 4% to ¥7.0 trillion. Imports of Fish & Fish Preparation grew 3% to ¥1.6 trillion (up 2% to 2.13 million tons) and imports of Shrimps, Prawns, Lobsters, one of the major items among Fish & Fish Preparation, went down 9% to ¥210.0 billion (down 6% to 160,000 tons). Imports of Meat & Meat Preparation increased 3% to ¥1.4 trillion (down 1% to 2.6 million tons). Imports of Cereals, Cereal Preparation decreased 1% to ¥870.0 billion (down 1% to 24 million tons). Among these, imports from USA went down 6% to ¥480.0 billion. Imports of Vegetables rose 8% to ¥550.0 billion (down 3% to 2.7 million tons) and imports of Fruits grew 12% to ¥530.0 billion (down 1% to 2.4 million tons).

2015 食料品の輸入 Foodstuff Imports by product category

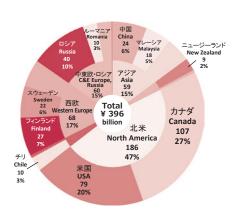


Items	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
魚介類 Fish & Fish Preparation	1,576	3.4
肉類 Meat & Meat Preparation	1,381	3.4
穀物類 Cereals, Cereal Preparation	871	▲ 1.4
野菜 Vegetables	546	8.1
果実 Fruits	534	12.1
TOP 5 total	4,908	-
Grand total	7,001	4.0

2. 木材:輸入の減少つづく

- ◆木材の輸入は、新設住宅着工戸数が91万戸と増加に転じたものの、床面積では減少したこともあり、4,000億円(前年比8%減)と2年連続で減少した。4分の3を占める製材は3,000億円(同7%減)、4分の1を占める丸太は329万㎡(同17%減)、900億円(同13%減)となった。
- ◆米材は、カナダから1,100億円(同7%減)、米国から790億円(同2%減)となった。EUからの欧州材は870億円(同12%減)、うちフィンランドから270億円(同12%減)、スウェーデンから220億円(同17%減)、ルーマニアから110億円(同26%減)となった。アジアからは590億円(同7%減)、うち中国から240億円(同12%減)、マレーシアから180億円(同7%減)となった。ロシアからの北洋材は400億円(同13%減)となった。NZ・チリ材は、ニュージーランドから90億円(同21%減)、チリから110億円(同13%減)となった。

2015 木材の輸入 Wood Imports by area and country



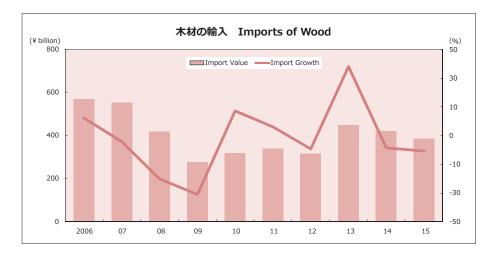
	Partners	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
	カナダ Canada	107	▲ 6.8
	米国 USA	79	▲ 1.9
	ロシア Russia	40	▲ 12.6
	フィンランド Finland	27	▲ 12.3
	中国 China	24	▲ 11.7
	TOP 5 total	277	_
	Grand total	396	▲ 8.0

2. Wood: Imports continued downward trend

◆ Wood imports declined for the second consecutive year, dropping 8% to ¥400.0 billion partially due to the declined floor space regarding the new housing starts while the number of units turned to an increase (910,000 units). Imports of Lumber, which accounted for three quarters of the total imports of Wood, went down 7% to ¥300.0 billion. Imports of Logs, which accounted for one quarter of the total, went down 13% to ¥90.0 billion (down 17% to 3.29 million cubic meters).

51

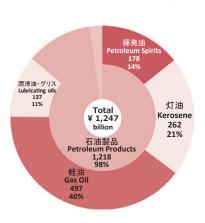
♠ Imports of Wood from Canada (down 7% to ¥110.0 billion) and USA (down 2% to ¥79.0 billion) fell in North America. Imports of Wood from EU decreased 12% to ¥87.0 billion with declined imports from Finland (down 12% to ¥27.0 billion), Sweden (down 17% to ¥22.0 billion), and Romania (down 26% to ¥11.0 billion). Imports of Wood from Asia fell 7% to ¥59.0 billion with decreased imports from China (down 12% to ¥24.0 billion) and Malaysia (down 7% to ¥18.0 billion). Imports of Wood from Russia went down 13% to ¥40.0 billion. Imports of Wood from New Zealand (down 21% to ¥9.0 billion) and Chile (down 13% to ¥11.0 billion) decreased.



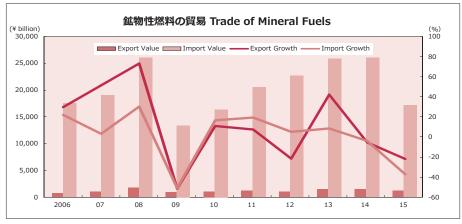
3. 鉱物性燃料:輸出入とも減少

- ◆輸出は1.2兆円(前年比18%減)と2年連続で減少した。うち、石油製品(軽油・ 灯油・揮発油)は、1.2兆円(同18%減)となった。
- ◆輸入は、原油価格の下落を背景に18.2兆円(同34%減)と6年ぶりに減少した。5割弱を占め、わが国最大の輸入品目である原油及び粗油は、2.0億KL(同2%減)、8.2兆円(同41%減)と2年連続で減少した。原油入着価格は、通年で55.0ドル(同47%安)と3年連続で下落した。3分の1を占めるLNG(液化天然ガス)は8,500万トン(同4%減)、5.5兆円(同30%減)と金額ベースで6年ぶりに減少に転じた。石炭は数量が1.9億トン(同1%増)と増加に転じたが、価格が下落し2.0兆円(同6%減)となった。うち、火力発電用の一般炭は1.1億トン(同5%増)、1.1兆円(同2%減)となった。石油製品は1.8兆円(同33%減)、うち7割を占める揮発油は3,000万KL(同6%増)、1.3兆円(同31%減)となった。LPG(液化石油ガス)は、1,100万KL(同6%減)、6,500億円(同40%減)となった。

2015 鉱物性燃料の輸出 Mineral Fuels Exports by product category



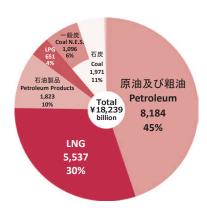
Items		Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
	軽油 Gas Oil	497	▲ 17.9
	灯油 Kerosene	262	▲ 21.6
	揮発油 Petroleum Spirits	178	▲ 12.8
	潤滑油・グリス Lubricating Oils	137	▲ 10.4
	TOP 4 total	1,074	_
	Grand total	1,247	▲ 17.8



3. Mineral Fuels: Both exports and imports down

- ◆ Mineral Fuels exports declined for the second consecutive year, falling 18% to ¥1.2 trillion. Among these, exports of Petroleum Products (Gas Oil, Kerosene, and Petroleum Spirits) went down 18% to ¥1.2 trillion.
- ♠ Mineral Fuels imports declined for the first time in six years, falling 34% to ¥18.2 trillion. Imports of Petroleum, which accounted for nearly 50% of the total imports of Mineral Fuels and is the largest import item of all, went down for the second consecutive year, dropping 41% to ¥8.2 trillion (down 2% to 200 million kiloliters). CIF (cost, insurance, and freight) prices fell for the third consecutive year, dropping 47% to \$55.0. Imports of LNG, which accounted for a third of the total, fell on a value basis for the first time in six years, dropping 30% to ¥5.5 trillion (down 4% to 85 million tons). Imports of Coal dropped 6% to ¥2.0 trillion as the price fell even though the volume turned to an increase (up 1% to 190 million tons). Among these, imports of Coking Coal for thermal power generation purposes fell 2% to ¥1.1 trillion (up 5% to 110 million tons). Imports of Petroleum Products fell 33% to ¥1.8 trillion. Imports of Petroleum Spirits, which accounted for around 70% of the total imports of Petroleum Products, went down 31% to ¥1.3 trillion (up 6% to 30 million kiloliters). Imports of LPG declined 40% to ¥650.0 billion (down 6% to 11.0 million kiloliters).

2015 鉱物性燃料の輸入 Mineral Fuels Imports by product category



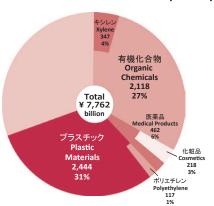
Items		Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
	原油及び粗油 Petroleum	8,184	▲ 41.0
	液化天然ガス LNG	5,537	▲ 29.5
	石炭 Coal	1,971	▲ 5.5
	石油製品 Petroleum Products	1,823	▲ 32.7
	液化石油ガス LPG	651	▲ 40.1
	TOP 5 total	18,166	_
	Grand total	18,239	▲ 34.1

53

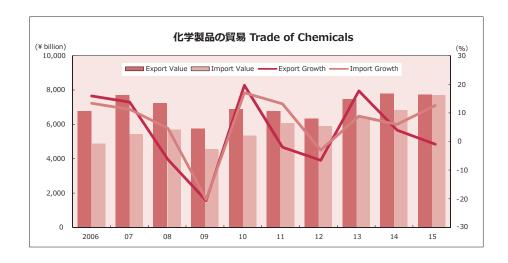
4. 化学製品:輸出は減少、輸入は増加つづく

- ◆輸出は7.8兆円(前年比1%減)と3年ぶりに減少に転じた。プラスチックは2.4 兆円(同1%増)となったが、有機化合物は2.1兆円(同13%減)と減少した。医薬 品は3,700万KG(同10%増)、4,600億円(同31%増)と大幅に増加した。地域 別では、全体の4分の3を占めるアジア向けが5.8兆円(同2%減)と減少、このう ち中国向けが2.0兆円(同3%減)となった。米国向けは増加し、8,800億円(同 14%増)となった。
- ◆輸入は7.7兆円(同13%増)と3年連続で増加した。医薬品は、数量が9,500万KG (同1%減)と微減となったが、2.9兆円(同32%増)と金額ベースでは15年連続 で増加した。有機化合物は1.7兆円(同7%増)と増加した。地域別にみると、 EUからは2.8兆円(同29%増)、米国からは1.3兆円(同8%増)、中国からは1.1兆 円(同8%増)となった。

2015 化学製品の輸出 Chemicals Exports by product category



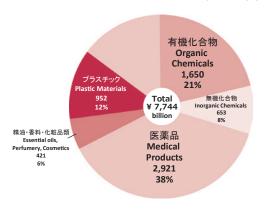
Items	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
プラスチック Plastic Materials	2,444	1.3
有機化合物 Organic Chemicals	2,118	▲ 13.2
医薬品 Medical Products	462	31.0
化粧品 Cosmetics	218	36.3
TOP 4 total	5,242	-
Grand total	7,762	▲ 0.7



4. Chemicals: Exports down, imports continued upward growth

- ♦ Chemicals exports decreased after two years of growth, falling 1% to ¥7.8 trillion. Exports of Plastic Materials grew 1% to ¥2.4 trillion. However, exports of Organic Chemicals decreased 13% to ¥2.1 trillion. Exports of Medical Products increased a whopping 31% to ¥460.0 billion (up 10% to 37 million kilogram). By area and country, exports to Asia, which accounted for three quarters of the total exports of Chemicals, fell 2% to ¥5.8 trillion with decreased exports to China (down 3% to ¥2.0 trillion). Exports to USA grew 14% to ¥880.0 billion.
- ◆ Chemicals imports increased for the third consecutive year, growing 13% to ¥7.7 trillion. Imports of Medical Products grew for the fifteenth consecutive year, rising 32% to ¥2.9 trillion, although on a volume basis, imports of Medical Products declined a slight 1% to 95 million kilogram. Imports of Organic Chemicals went up 7% to ¥1.7 trillion. By area and country, imports from EU (up 29% to ¥2.8 trillion), USA (up 8% to ¥1.3 trillion), and China (up 8% to ¥1.1 trillion) increased.

2015 化学製品の輸入 Chemicals Imports by product category



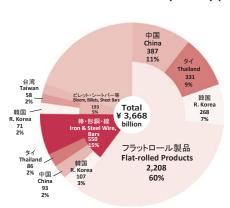
	Items	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
	医薬品 Medical Products	2,921	31.9
	有機化合物 Organic Chemicals	1,650	6.5
	プラスチック Plastic Materials	952	▲ 1.1
	無機化合物 Inorganic Chemicals	653	4.3
	精油·香料·化粧品類 Essential Oils, Perfumery, Cosmetics	421	5.6
	TOP 5 total	6,597	_
	Grand total	7,744	12.8

55

5. 鉄鋼:輸出入とも減少に転じる

- ◆2015年の世界の粗鋼生産量は16億トン(前年比3%減)と、6年ぶりに減少に転 じた。日本国内の粗鋼生産量は、1億515万トン(同5%減)と3年ぶりに減少に 転じた。
- ◆輸出は4,127万トン(同1%減)、3.7兆円(同7%減)と3年ぶりに減少に転じた。 地域別では、アジア向けが3,100万トン(同3%減)、2.6兆円(同9%減)、うち中 国向けは530万トン(同9%減)、5,500億円(同10%減)となった。米国向けは 240万トン(同5%減)、2,800億円(同5%減)と減少に転じた。
- ◆輸入は770万トン(同14%減)、8,400億円(同14%減)と減少に転じた。地域別にみると、アジアからは650万トン(同14%減)、5,900億円(同17%減)となった。うち中国からは1,800億円(同19%減)と減少に転じた。

2015 鉄鋼の輸出 Iron & Steel Products Exports by product category, area and country



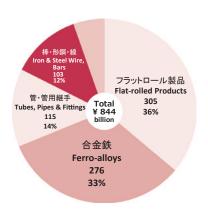
	Partners	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
	中国 China	552	▲ 10.3
	韓国 R. Korea	513	▲ 16.7
	タイ Thailand	461	▲ 4.9
	米国 USA	285	▲ 5.0
	台湾 Taiwan	216	▲ 15.8
	TOP 5 total	2,027	_
	Grand total	3,668	▲ 7.3



5. Iron & Steel Products: Both exports and imports turned downward

- ◆ In 2015, world crude steel production declined for the first time in six years, falling 3% to 1.6 billion tons. Japan's domestic crude steel production decreased after increasing for two years, dropping 5% to 105.15 million tons.
- ◆ Iron & Steel Products exports declined after two years of growth, dropping 7% to ¥3.7 trillion (down 1% to 41.27 million tons). By area and country, exports to Asia fell 9% to ¥2.6 trillion (down 3% to 31.0 million tons) with declined exports to China (down 10% to ¥550.0 billion / down 9% to 5.3 million tons). Exports to USA turned to a decline, falling 5% to ¥280.0 billion (down 5% to 2.4 million tons).
- ◆ Iron & Steel Products imports turned to a decline, dropping 14% to ¥840.0 billion (down 14% to 7.7 million tons). By area and country, imports from Asia went down 17% to ¥590.0 billion (down 14% to 6.5 million tons) with decreased imports from China (down 19% to ¥180.0 billion).

2015 鉄鋼の輸入 Iron & Steel Products Imports by product category



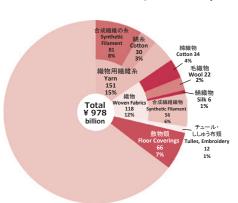
Items	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
フラットロール製品 Flat-rolled Products	305	▲ 17.9
合金鉄 Ferro-alloy	276	▲ 11.8
管·管用継手 Tubes, Pipes & Fittings	115	▲ 3.6
棒·形鋼·線 Iron & Steel Wire, Bars	103	▲ 11.9
TOP 4 total	799	_
Grand total	844	▲ 14.3

57

6. 織物用糸・繊維製品:輸出入とも増加つづく 衣類・同付属品:輸入が5年連続で増加

- ◆織物用糸・繊維製品の輸出は、7,300億円(前年比5%増)と3年連続で増加した。 8割弱を占めるアジア向けは5,500億円(同4%増)、うち5割弱を占める中国向 けは2,400億円(同1%増)となった。EU向けは630億円(同1%増)、米国向けは 570億円(同10%増)となった。
- ◆織物用糸及び繊維製品の輸入は、9,800億円(同5%増)と3年連続で増加した。 9割を占めるアジアからは8,700億円(同6%増)、うち中国からは5,500億円(同4%増)となった。
- ◆衣類及び同付属品の輸入は、3.4兆円(同5%増)と5年連続で増加した。地域別にみると、9割強を占めるアジアからは3.2兆円(同5%増)、うち7割を占める中国からは2.3兆円(同横ばい)となった。EUからは1,700億円(同3%増)と増加した。

2015 織物用糸・繊維製品の輸入 Textile Yarn, Fabrics Imports by product category



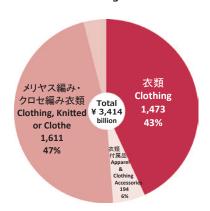
Items		Items	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
		織物用繊維糸 Yarn	151	3.2
		敷物類 Floor Coverings	66	▲ 3.7
		綿織物 Cotton fabrics, woven	34	▲ 3.1
		毛織物 Woolen fabrics, woven	22	0.9
		TOP 4 total	273	-
		Grand total	978	4.9



6. Textile Yarn, Fabrics: Both exports and imports continued upward growth Clothing & Accessories: Imports up for fifth consecutive year

- ◆ Exports of Textile Yarn, Fabrics increased for the third consecutive year, growing 5% to ¥730.0 billion. Exports to Asia, which accounted for nearly 80% of the total exports of Textile Yarn, Fabrics, went up 4% to ¥550.0 billion. Exports to China, which accounted for nearly 50% of the total exports to Asia, rose 1% to ¥240.0 billion. Exports to EU (up 1% to ¥63.0 billion) and USA (up 10% to ¥57.0 billion) increased.
- ♦ Imports of Textile Yarn, Fabrics grew for the third consecutive year, increasing 5% to ¥980.0 billion. Imports from Asia, which accounted for around 90% of the total imports of Textile Yarn, Fabrics, went up 6% to ¥870.0 billion. Among these, imports from China increased 4% to ¥550.0 billion.
- ♠ Imports of Clothing & Accessories increased for the fifth consecutive year, rising 5% to ¥3.4 trillion. By area and country, imports from Asia, which accounted for over 90% of the total imports of Clothing & Accessories, went up 5% to ¥3.2 trillion. Imports from China, which accounted for around 70% of the total imports from Asia, were flat from a year earlier at ¥2.3 trillion. Imports from EU grew 3% to ¥170.0 billion.

2015 衣類・同付属品の輸入 Clothing & Accessories Imports by product category



by product category			
	Partners	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
	中国 China	2,286	▲ 0.8
	ベトナム Viet Nam	351	23.5
	インドネシア Indonesia	112	20.6
	イタリア Italy	99	3.1
	バングラデシュ Bangladesh	94	36.9
	TOP 5 total	2,942	-
	Grand total	3,414	4.7

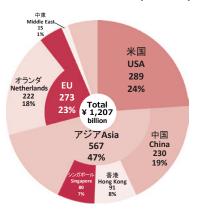
59



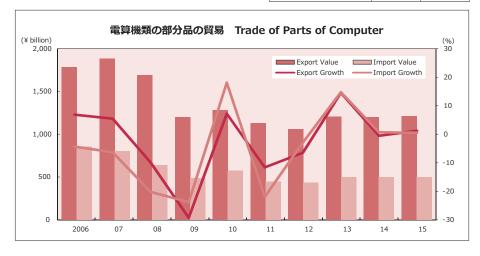
7. 電算機類の部分品:輸出は増加電算機類(含周辺機器):輸入は6年ぶり減少

- ◆電算機類の部分品の輸出は1.2兆円(前年比1%増)となり、アジア向けは5,700億円(同横ばい)、うち中国向けは2,300億円(同8%減)となった。電算機類(含周辺機器)の輸出は3,800億円(同6%増)と3年連続で増加した。米国・EU向けはともに1,300億円(同13%増、3%増)となった。アジア向けは1,000億円(同横ばい)、中国向けは290億円(同11%増)となった。
- ◆電算機類(含周辺機器)の輸入は、2.0兆円(同7%減)と6年ぶりに減少に転じた。 アジアからは1.8兆円(同7%減)、うち中国からは1.5兆円(同10%減)となった。 米国からは790億円(同11%減)、EUからは420億円(同8%増)となった。電算 機類の部分品の輸入は5,000億円(同横ばい)となった。アジアからは4,600億 円(同1%増)、うち中国からは3,400億円(同1%減)、EUからは140億円(同7% 増)、米国からは150億円(同14%減)となった。

2015 電算機類の部分品の輸出 Parts of Computer Exports by area and country



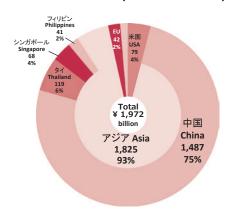
Partners	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
米国 USA	289	0.6
中国 China	230	▲ 8.4
オランダ Netherlands	222	▲ 1.1
香港 Hong Kong	91	0.0
シンガポール Singapore	80	0.6
TOP 5 total	912	-
Grand total	1,207	1.1



7. Parts of Computer: Exports up Computers & Units: Imports down for first time in six years

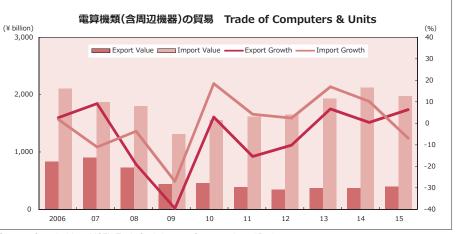
- ◆ Exports of Parts of Computer went up 1% to ¥1.2 trillion. Exports to Asia remained unchanged from a year earlier at ¥570.0 billion. Among these, exports to China declined 8% to ¥230.0 billion. Exports of Computers & Units increased for the third consecutive year, growing 6% to ¥380.0 billion. Exports to USA and EU went up 13% and 3% to ¥130.0 billion, respectively. Exports to Asia were flat from a year earlier at ¥100.0 billion. And exports to China rose 11% to ¥29.0 billion.
- ♠ Imports of Computers & Units decreased for the first time in six years, falling 7% to ¥2.0 trillion. Imports from Asia went down 7% to ¥1.8 trillion. Among these, imports from China decreased 10% to ¥1.5 trillion. Imports from USA fell 11% to ¥79.0 billion. Imports from EU went up 8% to ¥42.0 billion. Imports of Parts of Computer were flat from a year earlier at ¥500.0 billion. Imports from Asia went up 1% to ¥460.0 billion. Among these, imports from China went down 1% to ¥340.0 billion. Imports from EU rose 7% to ¥14.0 billion and imports from USA fell 14% to ¥15.0 billion.

2015 電算機類(含周辺機器)の輸入 Computers & Units Imports by area and country



Partners	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
中国 China	1,487	▲ 9.5
タイ Thailand	119	4.2
米国 USA	79	▲ 10.9
シンガポール Singapore	68	10.4
フィリピン Philippines	41	13.4
TOP 5 total	1,794	-
Grand total	1,972	▲ 7.1

61

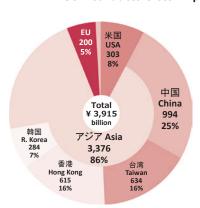


Source: Compiled from MOF's Trade Statistics on a Customs-cleared Basis

8. 半導体等電子部品:輸出入とも増加つづく

- ◆輸出は3.9兆円(前年比6%増)と増加した。7割弱を占めるICは、数量が560億個(同3%減)と2年連続で減少したものの、2.6兆円(同6%増)と金額ベースでは3年連続で増加した。地域別にみると、9割弱を占めるアジア向けは3.4兆円(同7%増)、うち中国向けが9,900億円(同横ばい)となった。米国向けは3,000億円(同14%増)、EU向けは2,000億円(同8%減)となった。
- ◆輸入は3.0兆円(同4%増)と4年連続で増加した。7割を占めるICは、210億個(同10%増)、2.0兆円(同15%増)となった。地域別では、8割を占めるアジアから2.5兆円(同7%増)、うち台湾からは1.1兆円(同17%増)、中国からは6,900億円(同9%減)となった。米国からは3,100億円(同7%増)となった。

2015 半導体等電子部品の輸出 Semiconductors etc. Exports by area and country



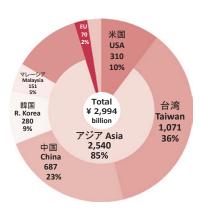
_				
		Partners	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
		中国 China	994	▲ 0.1
		台湾 Taiwan	634	24.0
		香港 Hong Kong	615	14.6
		米国 USA	303	14.0
		韓国 R. Korea	284	5.1
		TOP 5 total	2,830	-
		Grand total	3,915	6.1



8. Semiconductors etc.: Both exports and imports continued upward growth

- ◆ Exports of Semiconductors etc. increased 6% to ¥3.9 trillion. Exports of IC, which accounted for nearly 70% of the total exports of Semiconductors etc., increased for the third consecutive year, growing 6% to ¥2.6 trillion although the volume declined (down 3% to 56.0 billion units) for the second consecutive year. By area and country, exports to Asia, which accounted for nearly 90% of the total, grew 7% to ¥3.4 trillion. Among these, exports to China were flat from a year earlier at ¥990.0 billion. Exports to USA increased 14% to ¥300.0 billion and exports to EU went down 8% to ¥200.0 billion.
- ◆ Imports of Semiconductors etc. grew for the fourth consecutive year, rising 4% to ¥3.0 trillion. Imports of IC, which accounted for around 70% of the total imports of Semiconductors etc., rose 15% to ¥2.0 trillion (up 10% to 21.0 billion units). By area and country, imports from Asia, which accounted for around 80% of the total, grew 7% to ¥2.5 trillion. Among these, imports from Taiwan went up 17% to ¥1.1 trillion and imports from China went down 9% to ¥690.0 billion. Imports from USA rose 7% to ¥310.0 billion.

2015 半導体等電子部品の輸入 Semiconductors etc. Imports by area and country

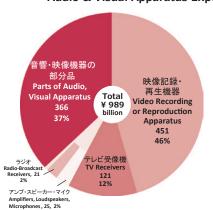


Partners	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
台湾 Taiwan	1,071	16.7
中国 China	687	▲ 8.8
米国 USA	310	6.9
韓国 R. Korea	280	8.5
マレーシア Malaysia	151	10.4
TOP 5 total	2,499	_
Grand total	2,994	4.3
	台湾 Taiwan 中国 China 米国 USA 韓国 R. Korea マレーシア Malaysia TOP 5 total	Partners (¥ billion) 台湾 Taiwan 1,071 中国 687 大国 310 以SA 310 韓国 280 R. Korea 280 マレーシア Malaysia 151 TOP 5 total 2,499

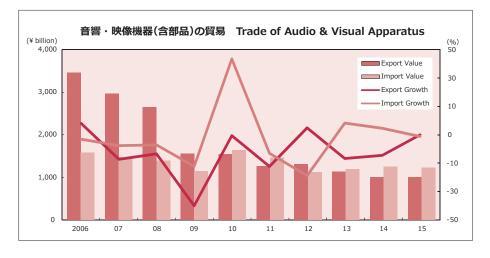
9. 音響・映像機器:輸出入とも減少

- ◆音響・映像機器 (含部品) の輸出は、9,900億円 (前年比横ばい) となり、2年連続で1兆円を割り込んだ。うち映像機器は5,700億円 (前年比4%減)、8割を占める映像記録・再生機器 (DVDやVTR機器類) が780万台 (同14%減)、4,500億円 (同8%減) となった。テレビは490万台 (同10%減)、1,200億円 (同15%増)となった。音響・映像機器の部分品は3,700億円(同8%増)、音響機器は520億円(同横ばい)となった。
- ◆音響・映像機器(含部品)の輸入は、1.2兆円(同1%減)と3年ぶりに減少に転じた。アジアからは1.1兆円(同1%減)、うち中国から6,700億円(同2%減)となった。2割強を占める映像記録・再生機器は、2,400万台(同横ばい)、2,800億円(同2%減)となった。

2015 音響・映像機器(含部品)の輸出 Audio & Visual Apparatus Exports by product category



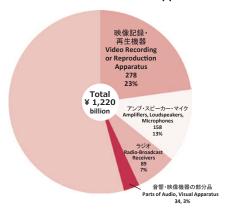
Items	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)		
映像記録·再生機器 Video Rec or Repro App	451	▲ 8.4		
音響・映像機器の部分品 Parts of Audio, Visual App	366	7.7		
テレビ受像機 Televison Receivers	121	14.9		
アンプ・スピーカー・マイク Amplifiers, Loudspeakers, Microphones	25	▲ 0.3		
ラジオ Radio-Broadcast Receivers	21	▲ 9.0		
TOP 5 total	984	I		
Grand total	989	0.0		



9. Audio & Visual Apparatus: Both exports and imports down

- ◆ Exports of Audio & Visual Apparatus were flat from a year earlier at ¥990.0 billion, remaining below the ¥1.0 trillion level for the second consecutive year. Exports of Visual Apparatus declined 4% to ¥570.0 billion as exports of Video Recording or Reproduction Apparatus (DVD & VCR Equipment), which accounted for around 80% of the total exports of Visual Apparatus, went down 8% to ¥450.0 billion (down 14% to 7.8 million units). Exports of Television Receivers increased 15% to ¥120.0 billion (down 10% to 4.9 million units). Exports of Parts of Audio, Visual Apparatus grew 8% to ¥370.0 billion. Exports of Audio Apparatus were flat from a year earlier at ¥52.0 billion.
- ♠ Imports of Audio & Visual Apparatus declined after two years of growth, falling 1% to ¥1.2 trillion. Imports from Asia went down 1% to ¥1.1 trillion. Among these, imports from China went down 2% to ¥670.0 billion. Imports of Video Recording or Reproduction Apparatus, which accounted for over 20% of the total imports of Audio & Visual Apparatus, fell 2% to ¥280.0 billion (flat from a year earlier at 24 million units).

2015 音響・映像機器(含部品)の輸入 Audio & Visual Apparatus Imports by product category

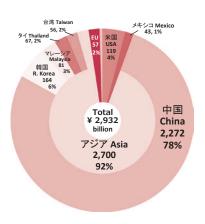


	Items	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
	映像記録·再生機器 Video Rec or Repro App	278	▲ 2.3
	アンプ・スピーカー・マイク Amplifiers, Loudspeakers, Microphones	158	4.5
	ラジオ Radio-Broadcast Receivers	89	▲ 9.2
	音響・映像機器の部分品 Parts of Audio, Visual App	34	▲ 2.6
	TOP 4 total	559	_
	Grand total	1,220	▲ 1.0

10. 通信機:輸入は6年連続で増加

◆通信機の輸入は、2.9兆円(前年比2%増)と6年連続で増加した。うち、6割を 占める無線通信装置(携帯電話など)は1.7兆円(同横ばい)となった。地域別で は、9割強を占めるアジアからは2.7兆円(同1%増)、うち8割を占める中国から は2.3兆円(同3%増)、韓国からは1,600億円(同22%減)となった。米国からは 1,200億円(同18%増)、EUからは570億円(同13%増)となった。

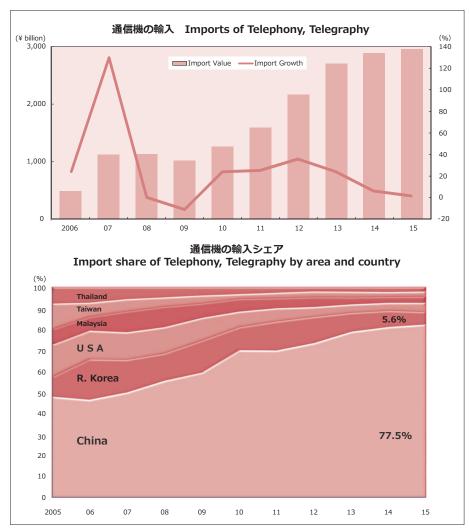
2015 通信機の輸入 Telephony, Telegraphy Imports by area and country



Partners	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
中国 China	2,272	2.9
韓国 R. Korea	164	▲ 21.7
米国 USA	119	17.6
マレーシア Malaysia	81	3.0
タイ Thailand	67	8.5
TOP 5 total	2,703	-
Grand total	2,932	2.3

10. Telephony, Telegraphy: Imports up for sixth consecutive year

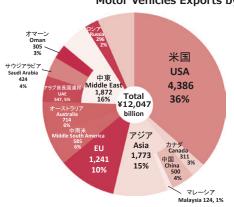
♠ Imports of Telephony, Telegraphy increased for the sixth consecutive year, growing 2% to ¥2.9 trillion. Imports of Wireless Communication Devices (Cellular Telephones), which accounted for around 60% of the total imports of Telephony, Telegraphy, were flat from a year earlier at ¥1.7 trillion. By area and country, imports from Asia, which accounted for over 90% of the total, grew 1% to ¥2.7 trillion. Imports from China, which accounted for around 80% of the total imports from Asia, went up 3% to ¥2.3 trillion. However, imports from R. Korea declined 22% to ¥160.0 billion. Imports from USA (up 18% to ¥120.0 billion) and EU (up 13% to ¥57.0 billion) increased.



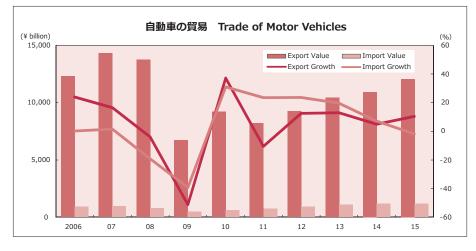
11. 自動車:輸出は4年連続で増加、輸入は6年ぶり減少

- ◆自動車の輸出は584万台(前年比2%増)、12.0兆円(同10%増)と4年連続で増加した。うち、乗用車が498万台(同2%増)、10.4兆円(同11%増)となった。バス・トラックは81万台(同横ばい)、1.5兆円(同5%増)となった。地域別では、米国向けは162万台(同4%増)、4.4兆円(同20%増)、中東向けは82万台(同14%増)、1.9兆円(同14%増)、EU向けも56万台(同16%増)、1.2兆円(同18%増)と、いずれも2ケタ増となった。アジア向けは95万台(同2.1%増)、1.8兆円(同6%増)、うち中国向けは18万台(同23%減)、5,000億円(同21%減)と減少した。自動車の部分品は3.5兆円(同横ばい)となった。
- ◆自動車の輸入は、34万台(同5%減)、6年ぶりに減少し1.1兆円(同2%減)となった。EUからは9,000億円(同横ばい)、米国からは910億円(同6%減)となった。アジアからは620億円(同2%減)となった。自動車の部分品は8,800億円(同8%増)となった。

2015 自動車の輸出 Motor Vehicles Exports by area and country



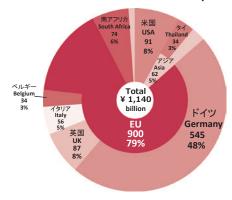
Partners	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
米国 USA	4,386	20.0
オーストラリア Australia	714	2.1
アラブ首長国連邦 UAE	547	15.7
中国 China	500	▲ 20.6
サウジアラビア Saudi Arabia	424	17.4
TOP 5 total	6,571	_
Grand total	12,047	10.3



11. Motor Vehicles: Exports up for fourth consecutive year, imports down for first time in six years

- ♠ Motor Vehicles exports grew for the fourth consecutive year, rising 10% to ¥12.0 trillion (up 2% to 5.84 million units). Among these, exports of Passenger Motor Car went up 11% to ¥10.4 trillion (up 2% to 4.98 million units) and exports of Buses & Trucks increased 5% to ¥1.5 trillion (flat from a year earlier at 810,000 units). By area and country, exports to USA (up 20% to ¥4.4 trillion / up 4% to 1.62 million units), Middle East (up14% to ¥1.9 trillion / up 14% to 820,000 units), and EU (up 18% to ¥1.2 trillion / up 16% to 560,000 units) all increased in double digits. Exports to Asia went up 6% to ¥1.8 trillion (up 2.1% to 950,000 units) despite decreased exports to China (down 21% to ¥500.0 billion / down 23% to 180,000 units). Exports of Parts of Motor Vehicles were flat from a year earlier at ¥3.5 trillion.
- ◆ Motor Vehicles imports fell for the first time in six years, dropping 2% to ¥1.1 trillion (down 5% to 340,000 units). Imports from EU were flat from a year earlier at ¥900.0 billion. Imports from USA went down 6% to ¥91.0 billion. And imports from Asia declined 2% to ¥62.0 billion. Imports of Parts of Motor Vehicles grew 8% to ¥880.0 billion.

2015 自動車の輸入 Motor Vehicles Imports by area and country



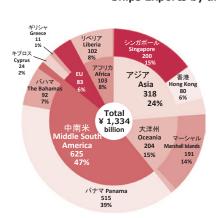
	Partners	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
	ドイツ Germany	545	▲ 12.0
	米国 USA	91	▲ 5.5
	英国 UK	87	19.5
	南アフリカ South Africa	74	2.1
	ハンガリー Hungary	60	73.0
	TOP 5 total	857	-
	Grand total	1,140	▲ 1.9

69

12. 船舶・航空機類:船舶輸出は5年ぶり増加、航空機類輸入は4年連続で増加

- ◆船舶の輸出は、590隻(前年574隻)、1.3兆円(前年比3%増)と5年ぶりに増加に転じた。貨物船が402隻(前年377隻)、1.1兆円(同5%増)、タンカーが109隻(前年112隻)、2,100億円(同10%減)となった。国別にみると、パナマ向けが5,200億円(同25%減)、シンガポール向けが2,000億円(同29%増)、マーシャル向けが1,900億円(同55%増)となった。
- ◆航空機類の輸入は8,283トン(前年9,481トン)、4年連続で増加し7,400億円(前年比2%増)となった。7割を占める米国から5,674トン(前年6,204トン)、5,500億円(同13%増)と増加した。フランスからは562トン(前年1,429トン)、700億円(同52%減)と減少したが、韓国からは544トン(前年476トン)、370億円(同52%増)と増加した。カナダからは184トン(前年227トン)、180億円(同23%増)、英国からは65トン(前年72トン)、130億円(同31%増)と増加した。

2015 船舶の輸出 Ships Exports by area and country



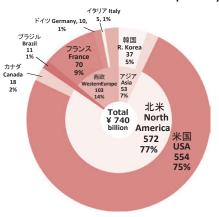
Partners	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
パナマ Panama	515	▲ 24.7
シンガポール Singapore	200	28.7
マーシャル Marshall Islands	191	54.6
リベリア Liberia	102	▲ 5.9
バハマ The Bahamas	92	▲ 16.6
TOP 5 total	1,100	_
Grand total	1,334	2.6



12. Ships and Aircraft: Exports of ships up for first time in five years, imports of Aircraft up for fourth consecutive year

- ◆ Ships exports increased for the first time in five years, growing 3% to ¥1.3 trillion (590 vessels vs. 574 in 2014). Exports of Cargo Ships went up 5% to ¥1.1 trillion (402 vessels vs. 377 in 2014). Exports of Tankers went down 10% to ¥210.0 billion (109 vessels vs. 112 in 2014). By country, exports to Panama fell 25% to ¥520.0 billion, exports to Singapore rose 29% to ¥200.0 billion, and exports to Marshall Islands went up 55% to ¥190.0 billion.
- ◆ Aircraft imports increased for the fourth consecutive year, growing 2% to ¥740.0 billion (8,283 ton vs. 9,481 in 2014). Imports from USA, which accounted for around 70% of the total imports of Aircraft, rose 13% to ¥550.0 billion (5,674 ton vs. 6,204 in 2014). Imports from France went down 52% to ¥70.0 billion (562 ton vs. 1,429 in 2014) but imports from R. Korea grew 52% to ¥37.0 billion (544 ton vs. 476 in 2014). Imports from Canada increased 23% to ¥18.0 billion (184 ton vs. 227 in 2014) and imports from UK rose 31% to ¥13.0 billion (65 ton vs. 72 in 2014).

2015 航空機類の輸入 Aircraft Imports by area and country



Partners	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
米国 USA	554	12.8
フランス France	70	▲ 51.9
韓国 R. Korea	37	51.7
カナダ Canada	18	23.4
英国 UK	13	30.6
TOP 5 total	692	_
Grand total	740	1.9

71

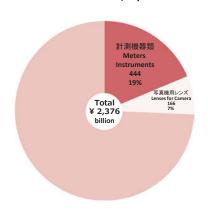


13. 科学光学機器:輸出は3年ぶり減少、輸入は4年連続 で増加

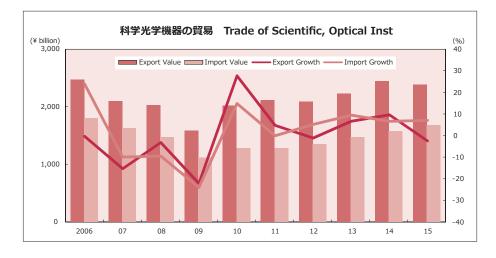
◆輸出は2.4兆円(前年比3%減)と3年ぶりに減少に転じた。計測機器類は4,400億円(同横ばい)、写真機用レンズは1,700億円(同横ばい)、電子顕微鏡は3,687台(前年3,591台)、420億円(同9%増)となった。地域別では、7割を占めるアジア向けが1.7兆円(同3%減)、うち中国向けは9,100億円(同1%減)となった。米国向けは3,100億円(同6%増)、EU向けは2,700億円(同横ばい)となった。

◆輸入は1.7兆円(同7%増)と4年連続で増加した。計測機器類は3,100億円(同18%増)、写真機及び同部分品は110億円(同51%増)となった。地域別では、4割を占めるアジアから6,900億円(同8%増)、うち中国からは3,500億円(同7%増)となった。米国からは4,300億円(同4%増)、EUからは3,800億円(同6%増)となった。

2015 科学光学機器の輸出 Scientific, Optical Inst Exports by product category



Items		Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
	計測機器類 Meters Instruments	444	0.7
	写真機用レンズ Lenses for Camera	166	▲ 0.3
	電子顕微鏡 Electronic microscopes	42	9.3
	顕微鏡及び同部分品 Optical microscopes,Parts	36	12.7
	めがねのわく及び柄 Spectacle frames & handles	15	6.2
	TOP 5 total	703	_
	Grand total	2,376	▲ 2.5



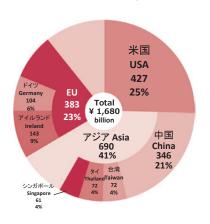
13. Scientific, Optical Instruments: Exports down after two years of growth, imports up for fourth consecutive year

◆ Exports of Scientific, Optical Instruments declined after two years of growth, falling 3% to ¥2.4 trillion. Exports of Meters Instruments were flat from a year earlier at ¥440.0 billion. Exports of Lenses for Camera were also flat from a year earlier at ¥170.0 billion. Exports of Electronic Microscopes rose 9% to ¥42.0 billion (3,687 units vs. 3,591 in 2014). By area and country, exports to Asia, which accounted for around 70% of the total exports of Scientific, Optical Instruments, fell 3% to ¥1.7 trillion with declined exports to China (down 1% to ¥910.0 billion). Exports to USA increased 6% to ¥310.0 billion and exports to EU remained unchanged from the previous year at ¥270.0 billion.

♠ İmports óf Scientific, Optical Instruments increased for the fourth consecutive year, growing 7% to ¥1.7 trillion. Imports of Meters Instruments grew 18% to ¥310.0 billion and imports of Cameras & Parts rose 51% to ¥11.0 billion. By area and country, imports from Asia, which accounted for around 40% of the total imports of Scientific, Optical Instruments, went up 8% to ¥690.0 billion with increased imports from China (up 7% to ¥350.0 billion). Imports from USA (up

4% to ¥430.0 billion) and EU (up 6% to ¥380.0 billion) increased.

2015 科学光学機器の輸入 Scientific, Optical Inst Imports by area and country



Partners	Value (¥ billion)	Growth (%)
米国 USA	427	3.8
中国 China	346	7.4
アイルランド Ireland	143	▲ 5.0
ドイツ Germany	104	2.3
台湾 Taiwan	72	8.4
TOP 5 total	1,092	-
Grand total	1,680	7.0